

## - The Official Spanish grading system

The Spanish grading system is a decimal one, with marks ranging from 0 to 10. Along with this grade, a non-numeric description of the student's achievement is also assigned. Marks awarded according to the 10-point scale are divided into 5 main groups: *With Honours* (Matricula de Honor), *Excellent* (Sobresaliente), *Good* (Notable), *Pass* (Aprobado), *Fail* (Suspendido). These marks are the ones that will appear in the transcripts of the school:

| DECIMAL MARK | NON-NUMERIC MARK   | TRANSLATION  |
|--------------|--------------------|--------------|
| 10           | Matricula de Honor | With Honours |
| 9 - 9,9      | Sobresaliente      | Excellent    |
| 7 - 8,9      | Notable            | Good         |
| 5 - 6,9      | Aprobado           | Pass         |
| 0 - 4,9      | Suspendido         | Fail         |

The transcripts of credits according to the ECTS (European Credit Transfer System) scheme are:

| MARK         | ECTS | CREDITS     |
|--------------|------|-------------|
| Excellent    | A    | Granted     |
| Very Good    | B    | Granted     |
| Good         | C    | Granted     |
| Satisfactory | D    | Granted     |
| Sufficient   | E    | Granted     |
| Fail         | F    | Not granted |

In the ECTS, each course that forms part of the academic curriculum has a specific number of credits. Each credit is the equivalent of 10 class hours, so the number of credits that corresponds to a course will reflect its workload. All courses are divided in two parts: a theoretical and a practical one. According to this division, the credits that form part of a course will also be divided in this way. This means that a course will be formed by a number of theoretical credits and a number of practical credits, and its sum establishes the total number of credits corresponding to the course.

To successfully finish a course, the student must pass both parts in order to obtain the theoretical and the practical credits that form part of the course.